ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

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YELDELL, WILSON, WOOD & REEVE, P.C

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Greer Yeldell, CPA | Glen Wilson, CPA | Tracie Wood, CPA | Joyce Reeve, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Ferris, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ferris, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Ferris, Texas Page Two

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ferris, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, net pension liability information, and OPEB information on pages 4-11 and 59-64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Ferris, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, component unit financial statements, and supplementary financial data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Ferris, Texas Page Three

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and component unit financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and component unit financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary financial data has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Yeldell, Wilson, Wood & Reeve, P.C.

Geldell, Wilson, Wood + Reeve, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Ennis, Texas October 29, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Ferris, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,179,756 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,987,751 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$197,268.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1,547,457, a decrease of \$231,554 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 93% of this amount (\$1,446,713) is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General fund was \$1,446,713 or 38% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, cultural and recreational, and public works (streets). The business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also legally separate economic development corporations for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other three funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The *enterprise fund* is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Wastewater fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-57 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 58-64 of this report.

This report also presents combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in connection with the nonmajor governmental funds and water and wastewater fund. These combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found on pages 65-72 of this report.

In addition, this report presents fund financial statements and schedules in connection with the Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation and Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation. The individual fund financial statement and schedule can be found on pages 73-75 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$10,179,756, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

CITY OF FERRIS' NET POSITION

	Governmental		Busine	ss-Type				
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities	То	tal		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Current and other assets	\$ 1,945,188	\$ 2,039,108	\$ 756,808	\$ 716,575	\$ 2,701,996	\$ 2,755,683		
Capital assets	7,190,558	7,304,272	2,514,266	2,599,467	9,704,824	9,903,739		
Total assets	9,135,746	9,343,380	3,271,074	3,316,042	12,406,820	12,659,422		
Deferred outflows								
of resources	107,739	248,481	10,802	26,038	118,541	274,519		
Long-term liabilities	1,372,194	1,910,111	458,384	523,319	1,830,578	2,433,430		
Other liabilities	209,028	222,453	134,397	171,159	343,425	393,612		
Total liabilities	1,581,222	2,132,564	592,781	694,478	2,174,003	2,827,042		
Deferred inflows								
of resources	149,400	110,479	22,202	13,932	171,602	124,411		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital								
assets	6,017,019	5,787,785	2,074,266	2,114,467	8,091,285	7,902,252		
Restricted	100,720	84,129	-	-	100,720	84,129		
Unrestricted	1,395,124	1,476,904	592,627	519,203	1,987,751	1,996,107		
Total net position	\$ 7,512,863	\$ 7,348,818	\$ 2,666,893	\$ 2,633,670	\$ 10,179,756	\$ 9,982,488		

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year data to conform with current year presentation.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position (79%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (1%) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,987,751 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The City's overall net position increased \$197,268 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

CITY OF FERRIS' CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Govern	nmer	ntal	Busine	ss-T	ype			
	Acti	vitie	s	 Acti	vitie	s	То	tal	
	2018		2017	2018		2017	2018		2017
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 457,170	\$	476,483	\$ 1,407,371	\$	1,315,826	\$ 1,864,541	\$	1,792,309
Operating grants and									
contributions	135,522		152,733	-		-	135,522		152,733
Capital grants and									
contributions	254,619		142,329	21,400		-	276,019		142,329
General revenues:									
Property taxes	857,275		768,197	-		-	857,275		768,197
Sales taxes	282,070		238,417	-		-	282,070		238,417
Franchise taxes	127,920		122,510	-		-	127,920		122,510
Alcoholic beverage taxes	1,708		1,425	-		-	1,708		1,425
Host fees	1,492,125		1,500,287	-		-	1,492,125		1,500,287
Gas royalty	166,455		135,350	-		-	166,455		135,350
Investment earnings	7,265		7,822	491		509	7,756		8,331
Gain (loss) on sale of capital									
assets	-		21,631	-		132	-		21,763
Miscellaneous	53,769		29,591	-		13,887	53,769		43,478
Total revenues	3,835,898		3,596,775	1,429,262		1,330,354	5,265,160		4,927,129
Expenses:									
General government	1,128,110		778,263	-		-	1,128,110		778,263
Public safety	1,873,826		1,958,565	-		-	1,873,826		1,958,565
Cultural and									
recreational	370,695		348,746	-		-	370,695		348,746
Public works	328,594		433,132	-		-	328,594		433,132
Interest on long-									
term debt	59,777		72,103	-		-	59,777		72,103
Water and wastewater	 -		-	1,306,890		1,196,069	1,306,890		1,196,069
Total expenses	3,761,002		3,590,809	1,306,890		1,196,069	5,067,892		4,786,878
Increase (decrease) in net position									
before transfers	74,896		5,966	122,372		134,285	197,268		140,251
Transfers	89,149		50,000	(89,149)		(50,000)	-		_
Increase (decrease) in net position	164,045		55,966	33,223		84,285	197,268		140,251
Net position - beginning									
as restated	7,348,818		7,292,852	2,633,670		2,549,385	9,982,488		9,842,237
Net position - ending	\$ 7,512,863	\$	7,348,818	\$ 2,666,893	\$	2,633,670	\$ 10,179,756	\$	9,982,488

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year data to conform with current year presentation.

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$164,045 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$7,512,863.

- Capital contributions increased by \$112,290 (78.89%) during the year. The majority of this increase is due to a donation of land and donations related to the City's Yellowjacket Trail project.
- General government expenses increased \$346,847 (44.95%) during the year. The majority of this increase is the product of increased wages and other professional services.

• Public works expenses decreased \$104,538 (24.14%) during the year. The majority of this decrease is the product of reduced repair and maintenance and other professional service expenses.

Business-type Activities. For the City's business-type activities, the current fiscal year resulted in a net increase in net position to an ending balance of \$2,666,893. The total increase in net position for business-type activities (water and wastewater operations) was \$33,223 from the prior fiscal year. Revenues from charges for services increased 6.46% (\$84,975) due to an increase in the number of customers. Total expenses increased 8.72% (\$104,251) in the current fiscal year primarily due to an increase in repairs and maintenance.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City Council.

At September 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1,547,457, a decrease of \$231,554 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 93.5% of this amount (\$1,446,713) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable or restricted to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$24) or 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$100,720).

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,446,713, while total fund balance increased to \$1,448,018. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 38.07% of total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 38.10% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General fund decreased \$247,689 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Wastewater fund at the end of the year amounted to \$592,627. Net position increased in 2018 by \$33,223. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the analysis of the City's operations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year, the City increased the original estimated expenditures of the general fund by \$323,653. This was offset with an increase revenues and the use of existing fund balance.

Final budget compared to actual results. General fund actual revenues of \$3,334,470 exceeded budgeted revenues of \$3,123,206 by \$211,264.

- The fines and forfeitures decrease of \$57,154 (13.3%) is primarily due to less citations issued than were budgeted.
- The host fee increase of \$104,774 (7.5%) is due to the landfill increasing its hours of operation.
- The contributions and donations increase of \$77,366 (52.6%) is primarily the result of a an unbudgeted donation towards the City's Yellowjacket Trail project.

Budgeted general fund expenditures of \$3,812,320 exceeded actual expenditures of \$3,670,275 by \$142,045. This positive variance in expenditures was achieved through a series of expenditure restrictions imposed during the year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018 amounts to \$9,704,824 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The total decrease in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 2.01%.

City of Ferris' Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

T - 4	
lota	al
2018	2017
\$ 630,864	\$ 581,644
48,690	44,643
1,177,812	1,407,238
2,421,903	2,595,389
604,097	574,400
4,821,458	4,700,425
\$ 9,704,824	\$ 9,903,739
	\$ 630,864 48,690 1,177,812 2,421,903 604,097 4,821,458

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Land additions of approximately \$49,000.
- Machinery and equipment purchases of approximately \$272,000.
- Machinery and equipment disposals of approximately \$462,000.
- Infrastructure additions of approximately \$349,000
- Building disposals of approximately \$121,000.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 2.D on pages 33-34 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total bonded debt of \$1,610,000. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

City of Ferris' Outstanding Debt

	Govern	ıme	ntal	Busines	ss-T	ype				
	Activ	/itie	s	Activ	/itie	8		To	tal	
	2018 2017		2018 2017			2018			2017	
Certificates of obligation	\$ 905,000	\$	1,000,000	\$ 440,000	\$	485,000	\$	1,345,000	\$	1,485,000
Tax and revenue refunding bonds	265,000		520,000	-		-		265,000		520,000
Total	\$ 1,170,000	\$	1,520,000	\$ 440,000	\$	485,000	\$	1,610,000	\$	2,005,000

Additional information on the City of Ferris' long term-debt can be found in note 2.H on pages 39-41 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In the 2018-19 Budget, General Fund budgeted revenues increased 2.21% from the 2017-18 budget year with host fees and property taxes making up 43.99% and 23.26% of general fund budgeted revenues, respectively.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Secretary, 100 Town Plaza, Ferris, Texas 75125.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

								Compon	ent L	Inits
							F	erris 4A	F	erris 4B
		Pri	mar	y Governmei	nt		Е	conomic	E	conomic
	Gov	/ernmental	Bu	siness-type			Dev	velopment	Dev	elopment
		Activities		Activities		Total	Co	rporation	Co	rporation
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	1,263,918 646,953	\$	622,769 129,178	\$	1,886,687 776,131	\$	491,616 -	\$	288,675
Due from primary government Inventories		24		-		24		28,535		28,535
Restricted assets:		24				24		62.606		
Cash and cash equivalents		24 202		4 064		20.454		63,606		-
Net pension asset		34,293		4,861		39,154		-		-
Capital assets:		000 047		70 507		070 554		0.40.400		
Non-depreciable		603,047		76,507		679,554		948,199		-
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)		6,587,511		2,437,759		9,025,270		1,063		-
Total Assets		9,135,746		3,271,074		12,406,820		1,533,019		317,210
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred charge on refunding Deferred outflows of resources related to		19,606		-		19,606		-		_
pensions		80,523		9,724		90,247		_		
Deferred outflows of resources related to		00,525		3,724		90,247		-		_
OPEB		7,610		1,078		8,688				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		107,739		10,802		118,541				
Total Deferred Outflows of Nesources		107,739		10,002		110,541				
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and other current										
liabilities		117,408		45,334		162,742		8,992		_
Accrued payroll payable		30,764		4,911		35,675				_
Accrued interest payable		3,786		1,621		5,407		9,891		_
Due to component units		57,070		1,021		57,070		0,001		_
Customer deposits payable				82,531		82,531		_		_
Noncurrent liabilities:				02,001		02,001				
Due within one year		434,332		49,459		483,791		22,687		_
Due in more than one year		937,862		408,925		1,346,787		729,718		_
Total Liabilities		1,581,222		592,781		2,174,003		771,288		
Total Liabilities		1,501,222		332,701		2,174,000		771,200		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred inflows of resources related to										
pensions		149,400		22,202		171,602		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		149,400		22,202		171,602				
Total Deletted lilliows of Nesources		149,400		22,202		17 1,002				
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		6,017,019		2,074,266		8,091,285		196,857		_
Restricted for:		0,011,010		_,0:::,_00		0,00.,200		.00,00.		
Debt service		58,462		_		58,462		63,606		_
Economic development				_		-		501,268		317,210
Public safety		42,258		_		42,258		-		-
Unrestricted		1,395,124		592,627		1,987,751		_		_
Total Net Position	\$	7,512,863	\$	2,666,893	\$	10,179,756	\$	761,731	\$	317,210
. 3.4111011 0011011	Ψ_	.,0.2,000	<u> </u>	_,000,000	Ψ	. 5, 5, 1 55	<u> </u>	, 0 , , , 0 1		011,210

CITY OF FERRIS, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

						1	•	
	1	Program Revenues	ser	Prin	Primary Government	ונ	Compone	Component Units
							Ferris 4A	Ferris 4B
		Operating	Capital				Economic	Economic
Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Development Corporation	Development Corporation
							-	-
\$1,128,110	\$ 69,664	\$ 114,853	\$ 49,220	\$ (894,373)	· \$	\$ (894,373)	· \$	•
1,873,826	387,506	5,019	136,608	(1,344,693)	•	(1,344,693)	1	1
370,695	1	15,650	68,791	(286,254)	•	(286,254)	•	•
328,594	1	1	1	(328,594)	1	(328,594)	•	1
59,777	•	'	•	(26,777)	•	(59,777)	•	•
3,761,002	457,170	135,522	254,619	(2,913,691)	, I	(2,913,691)		-
1.306.890	1.407.371	1	21.400	1	121.881	121.881	,	1
1,306,890	1,407,371	'	21,400	'	121,881	121,881		1
\$5,067,892	\$ 1,864,541	\$ 135,522	\$ 276,019	(2,913,691)	121,881	(2,791,810)	ļ.	
\$ 112,160	· •	€	€				(112,160)	1
	'	'	'			'	'	(67,564)
\$ 112,160	- \$	€	€	ı II		ı	(112,160)	(67,564)
General reven	ines:							
Property tax	(es			857,275	,	857,275	•	'
Sales taxes	}			282,070	,	282,070	141.035	141.035
Franchise to	axes			127,920	•	127.920		
Alcoholic be	everage taxes			1,708	,	1,708	'	1
Host fees)			1,492,125	'	1,492,125	,	'
Gas royalty				166,455	,	166,455	•	1
Investment	earnings			7,265	491	7,756	1,290	474
Miscellaneo	sn.			53,769	•	53,769	400	400
Transfers				89,149	(89,149)	•	•	•
Total gen	eral revenues ar	nd transfers		3,077,736	(88,658)	2,989,078	142,725	141,909
Change	e in net position			164,045	33,223	197,268	30,565	74,345
Net position -	beginning, as r€	estated		7,348,818		9,982,488		
Net position -	ending			7,512,863		\$10,179,756		\$ 317,210
	\$1,128,110 1,873,826 328,594 59,777 3,761,002 1,306,890 1,306,890 \$5,067,892 \$ 112,160 67,564 \$ 112,160 67,564 \$ 112,160 Roperty tax \$ 112,160 67,564 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000	\$1,128,110 \$ 69,664 1,873,826 387,506 3,70,695 - 59,777 - 3,761,002 457,170 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,206,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,306,890 1,407,371 1,206,890 1,406,890 1,406,890	99,664 \$ 11 77,506 13 77,770 1371 77,371 7371 77,371 7371 77,371 7371 77,371 7371 74,541 \$ 13 74,541	114,853 \$ 5,019 1 15,650	114,853 \$ 49,220 \$ (894,373) 5,019	114,853 \$ 49,220 \$ (894,373) \$ 5,019	114,853 \$ 49,220 \$ (894,373) \$ - \$ (1,344,693) - (1,344,69	114,853 \$ 49,220 \$ (894,373) \$ - \$ (894,373) \$ 5,019 15,650 68,791 (286,254) - (134,693) 15,652 - 254,619 (2,913,691) - 21,400 - (2,913,691) - \$ 121,881 (2,1913,691) - \$ 222,070 (2,913,691) - \$ 5 (2,

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	General	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,164,479	\$	99,439	\$	1,263,918
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	646,953		-		646,953
Inventories	24	_	-		24
Total assets	\$1,811,456	\$	99,439	\$	1,910,895
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 117,408	\$	_	\$	117,408
Accrued payroll payable	30,764		-		30,764
Due to component units	57,070		-		57,070
Total liabilities	205,242		-		205,242
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	30,098		-		30,098
Unavailable revenue - gas royalty	128,098				128,098
	158,196				158,196
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	24		-		24
Restricted:					
Debt service	-		58,462		58,462
Public safety	1,281		40,977		42,258
Unassigned	1,446,713				1,446,713
Total fund balances	1,448,018		99,439		1,547,457
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$1,811,456	\$	99,439	\$	1,910,895

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 12) are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds (page 14)	\$ 1,547,457
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	7,190,558
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	158,196
Net pension asset and deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Net pension asset \$ 34,293 Deferred charge on refunding 19,606 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 80,523 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 7,610	142,032
	112,002
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in governmental funds balance sheet.	(3,786)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Due within one year (434,332) Due in more than one year (937,862)	(1,372,194)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(149,400)
Net position of governmental activities (page 12)	\$ 7,512,863

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	 General	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 588,644	\$	281,006	\$	869,650
Sales taxes	282,070		-		282,070
Franchise taxes	127,920		-		127,920
Alcoholic beverage taxes	1,708		-		1,708
Licenses and permits	69,664		-		69,664
Fines and forfeitures	371,646		15,860		387,506
Host fee	1,492,125		-		1,492,125
Gas royalty	38,358		-		38,358
Revenues from use of money and property	7,089		176		7,265
Other	50,304		_		50,304
Intergovernmental	116,346		-		116,346
Contributions and donations	224,574		-		224,574
Total revenues	3,370,448		297,042		3,667,490
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	1,064,227		_		1,064,227
Public safety	1,901,935		9,709		1,911,644
Cultural and recreational	242,316		-		242,316
Public works	457,922		_		457,922
Debt service:	.07,022				107,022
Principal retirement	95,000		255,000		350,000
Interest and fiscal charges	39,206		14,562		53,768
Total expenditures	3,800,606		279,271		4,079,877
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (430,158)		17,771		(412,387)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	90,785		_		90,785
Transfers out	-		(1,636)		(1,636)
Insurance proceeds	3,465		_		3,465
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	88,219		_		88,219
Total other financing sources (uses)	 182,469		(1,636)	-	180,833
- , , ,	,				,
Net change in fund balances	(247,689)		16,135		(231,554)
Fund balances - beginning	 1,695,707		83,304		1,779,011
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,448,018	\$	99,439	\$	1,547,457

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 13) are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds (page 16)	\$ (231,	554)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlay recorded as capital assets in the current period.	586,	442
	,	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., asset retirements/disposals) is to decrease net position.	(165,	747)
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.	(534,	409)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Bond principal retirement Amortization of bond premiums/discounts 2,751 Amortization of bond refunding losses	342,	948
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest.	1,	044
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	115,	722
Pension and OPEB contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, these contributions are converted to the full accrual GASBS 68 pension amounts. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB 5,829	(169,	860)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,887) Net pension liability/asset	·	
OPEB liability (17,883)		459_
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 13)	\$ 164,	045

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND September 30, 2018

Business-type

	Activities - Enterprise (Water and Wastewater) Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 622,769	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	129,178	
Total current assets	751,947	
Noncurrent assets:		
Net pension asset	4,861	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,514,266	
Total noncurrent assets	2,519,127	
Total assets	3,271,074	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	9,724	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,078	
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,802	
LIADUTEO		
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	45.004	
Accounts payable	45,334	
Accrued payroll payable	4,911	
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	1,621 4,459	
Customer deposits payable	82,531	
Bonds payable	45,000	
Total current liabilities	183,856	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
OPEB liability	13,925	
Bonds payable	395,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities	408,925	
Total liabilities	592,781	
		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	22,202	
Total deferred inflows of resources	22,202	
NET POSITION		
NET POSITION	0.074.000	
Net investment in capital assets	2,074,266	
Unrestricted Total not position	592,627	
Total net position	\$ 2,666,893	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise (Water and Wastewater) Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES		_		
Water sales	\$ 690,379)		
Wastewater service	584,840			
Miscellaneous	132,152	_		
Total operating revenues	1,407,371	_		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Water and wastewater	1,102,955	;		
Depreciation	182,849			
Total operating expenses	1,285,804	_		
Operating income	121,567	, _		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment earnings	491			
Interest and fiscal charges	(21,086	5)		
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(20,595	<u>;)</u>		
Income before transfers and contributions	100,972	<u>)</u>		
Capital contributions	21,400)		
Transfer out	(89,149))		
Change in net position	33,223	}		
Net position - beginning, as restated	2,633,670			
Net position - ending	\$ 2,666,893	<u>; </u>		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Business-type

	()	Activities - Enterprise (Water and Wastewater) Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,413,294		
Payments to suppliers		(848,516)		
Payments to employees		(275,753)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		289,025		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to other funds		(89,149)		
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		(89,149)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_		
Capital contributions		21,400		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(97,648)		
Principal paid on bond maturities		(45,000)		
Interest and fiscal charges paid on bonds		(21,252)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(142,500)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investments		491		
Net cash provided by investing activities		491		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		57,867		
Cash and cash equivalents October 1		564,902		
Cash and cash equivalents September 30	\$	622,769		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for)				
operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	121,567		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for)	,	,		
operating activities:				
Depreciation		182,849		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		15,889		
(Increase) decrease in inventories		2,241		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		4,365		
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset		(4,861)		
(Increase) decrease in pension related deferred outflows		16,062		
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related deferred outflows		(826)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(26,854)		
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll payable		224		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,933		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(9,966)		
Increase (decrease) in pension related deferred inflows		8,270		
Increase (decrease) in open liability		(26,401)		
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability Total adjustments		2,533 167,458		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	289,025		
rect odorn provided by (dood for) operating detivities	Ψ	200,020		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting entity

The City of Ferris, Texas (the "City") is a general law municipality and was incorporated 1874. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the City is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units.

Discretely presented component units. The Corporations described below are included in the City's reporting entity because the City appoints the governing body and the Corporations are fiscally dependent on the City. The Corporations are reported as discretely presented component units since the governing body is not substantively the same as the governing body of the City, and they provides services to the citizens of Ferris and the surrounding area as opposed to only the primary government. To emphasize that they are legally separate from the City, they are reported in separate columns in the financial statements.

The Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation was created under Section 4A of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, as amended, Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas civil statutes, as amended, and is responsible for collecting and disbursing the one-fourth percent sales tax to be used for economic development within the City. The members of the Corporation's board are appointed by the City. The Corporation is presented as a governmental fund type and has a September 30 year-end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Reporting entity (continued)

The Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation was created under Section 4B of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, as amended, Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas civil statutes, as amended, and is responsible for collecting and disbursing the one-fourth percent sales tax to be used for economic development within the City. The members of the Corporation's board are appointed by the City. The Corporation is presented as a governmental fund type and has a September 30 year-end.

Separate financial statements for the Corporations are not issued.

C. Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the City has discretely presented component units. The Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation and Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation are considered to be major component units and are shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of presentation - fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of presentation - fund financial statements (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water and wastewater fund accounts for the activities of the City's water distribution and wastewater collection system.

During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting (continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary fund is reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting.*

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Receivables and Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. All past due trade accounts receivables comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is the lesser of .2 percent of the tax levy for each fiscal year or the outstanding property taxes for each fiscal year at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies and vehicle repair parts. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital asset classes	Lives
Buildings	45
Improvements	25
Machinery and equipment	3-6
Infrastructure	25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include (1) a deferred outflow of resources related to changes in actuarial assumptions of the City's defined benefit pension plan and OPEB plan, (2) a deferred outflow of resources for contributions made to the City's defined benefit pension plan and OPEB plan between the measurement date of the net pension liabilities from that plan and the end of the City's fiscal year, and (3) deferred charge on refunding. Deferred outflows for changes in actuarial assumptions is attributed to pension expense over a total of 1.57 years. Deferred outflows of resources for changes in actuarial assumptions is attributed to OPEB expense over a total of 4.97 years. Deferred outflows for pension and OPEB contributions will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the City's various statements of net position for (1) deferred inflow of resources related to the differences between the projected and actual investment earnings for the City's multiple-employer defined benefit plan, (2) deferred inflow of resources related to the difference between expected and actual experience data used by the actuary. The differences between the projected and actual investment earnings are attributed to pension expense over a total of 5 years, including the current year. The deferred inflow of resources related to the difference between expected and actual experience data used by the actuary is attributed to pension expense over a total of 2.89 years, including the current year. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The City will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the City's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue from property taxes is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Net position flow assumption

Net position represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets —This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position —This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position —This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

8. Fund balance flow assumption

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balance categorized based on the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the specific purposes for which a government's funds may be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Councils). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance—amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance—amounts that represent fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. Positive balances are reported only in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

In the general fund, the City's underlying and overriding financial reserve strategy is to maintain the unassigned fund balance at a level of 20% of annual operating expenditures, excluding capital expenditures.

G. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property taxes

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property. Appraised values are established by the Ellis Appraisal District as market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The Ellis County Tax Assessor/Collector bills and collects the City's property taxes, which are due October 1. Full payment can be made prior to the next January 31 to avoid penalty and interest charges. Over time substantially all property taxes are collected.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Revenues and expenditures/expenses (continued)

3. Compensated absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits. The liability for such unused vacation is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Unused vacation shall be taken during the year following its accumulation.

4. Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

5. Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System and the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (Systems) and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Revenues and expenditures/expenses (continued)

GASB 75 requires recognition of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL), deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources, and total OPEB expense on the face of the employer's financial statements. The TOL is calculated by the System's actuary in accordance with the provisions of GASB 75. The OPEB expense and deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources related to OPEB, which are required to be reported by an employer, primarily result from changes in the components of the TOL. Most changes in the TOL will be included in OPEB expense in the period of the change. For example, changes in the TOL resulting from current-period service cost, interest on the TOL, and changes of benefit terms are required to be included in OPEB expense immediately. Changes in the TOL that have not been included in OPEB expense are required to be reported as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

H. New GASB pronouncement

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued a new pronouncement that the City has reviewed for application to their accounting and reporting.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017, replaces the requirements of GASB Statements No. 45 and 57 for OPEB. The standard requires government employers to recognize a total OPEB liability in the Statement of Net Position. OPEB expense is tied to the change in total OPEB liability from year to year. OPEB expense is put in each employer's Statement of Changes in Net Position ("Operating Statement") in the government-wide financial statements. OPEB costs may be deferred and amortized over a number of years.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash deposits with financial institutions

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully insured or collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or obligations of Texas and its agencies that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. At year-end, the City's bank balance was \$1,919,773. Of the bank balance, \$349,560 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining balance, \$1,570,213 was covered by collateral pledged in the City's name. The collateral was held in the City's name by the safekeeping departments of the pledging bank's agent and had a fair value of approximately \$2,241,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

B. Investments

Investments. Public funds of the City of Ferris may be invested in the following: (1) obligations of the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas and agencies thereof, (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the State of Texas and United States of America, (4) obligations of the States, agencies thereof, Counties, Cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rates as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm, and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit of state and national banks domiciled in Texas, guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance or its successor or secured by obligations described in 1 through 4 above, (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with a defined termination date secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities pledged with a third party, and (7) joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas which invest in instruments and follow practices allowed by current law.

C. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the general and water and wastewater funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

		VV	ater and		
Receivables:	 General		astewater	Total	
Taxes	\$ 167,081	\$	-	\$ 167,081	
Accounts	-		171,738	171,738	
Other	 498,641		-	498,641	
Gross receivables	665,722		171,738	837,460	
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	 (18,769)		(42,560)	(61,329)	
Net receivables	\$ 646,953	\$	129,178	\$ 776,131	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

D. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental activities:

	E	Beginning				Ending
		Balance	ncreases	D	ecreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	553,827	\$ 49,220	\$	-	\$ 603,047
Construction in progress		44,643	313,725		(358,368)	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		598,470	362,945		(358,368)	603,047
Capital assets being depreciated:		_			_	
Buildings		2,049,528	-		(120,603)	1,928,925
Improvements		179,170	-		-	179,170
Machinery and equipment		2,237,507	223,496		(443,450)	2,017,553
Infrastructure		7,423,957	349,482			7,773,439
Totals capital assets being depreciated		11,890,162	572,978		(564,053)	11,899,087
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		(684,116)	(113,391)		10,277	(787,230)
Improvements		(45,047)	(17,763)		-	(62,810)
Machinery and equipment		(1,731,665)	(174,806)		396,916	(1,509,555)
Infrastructure		(2,723,532)	(228,449)			(2,951,981)
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,184,360)	(534,409)		407,193	(5,311,576)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,705,802	38,569		(156,860)	6,587,511
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	7,304,272	\$ 401,514	\$	(515,228)	\$7,190,558

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 25,481
Public safety	192,730
Cultural and recreational	135,880
Public works	 180,318
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 534,409

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

D. Capital assets (continued)

Business-type activities:

	E	Beginning Balance	lr	ncreases	De	creases		inding salance
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_						
Land	\$	27,817	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,817
Construction in progress		-		48,690		-		48,690
Total capital assets not being depreciated		27,817		48,690		-		76,507
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		179,276		-		-		179,276
Improvements		5,949,258		-		-	5	,949,258
Machinery and equipment		322,262		48,958		(18,659)		352,561
Total capital assets being depreciated		6,450,796		48,958		(18,659)	6	,481,095
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(137,450)		(5,709)		-		(143,159)
Improvements		(3,487,992)		(155,723)		-	(3	,643,715)
Machinery and equipment		(253,704)		(21,417)		18,659		(256,462)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,879,146)		(182,849)		18,659	(4	,043,336)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,571,650		(133,891)		-	2	,437,759
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	2,599,467	\$	(85,201)	\$	-	\$2	,514,266

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year data to conform with current year presentation.

As of September 30, 2018, the City has active construction projects for water improvements. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Damainin n

		Remainii			
<u>Project</u>	Spe	nt-to-Date	cor	nmitment	
Water improvements	\$	48,690	\$	26,060	

E. Significant commitments

The City has entered into a contract with the Trinity River Authority of Texas (Authority) – Ten Mile Regional Wastewater System to obtain wastewater treatment services, expiring in 2036. In the contract, the Authority agreed to acquire and construct a regional wastewater treatment system to serve the City and other contractual parties, in the area of the watershed or drainage basin of Red Oak Creek, being a tributary of the Trinity River, and located in Ellis and Dallas Counties, Texas. The Trinity River Authority is a governmental agency, which is controlled by directors appointed by the governor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

E. Significant commitments (continued)

The City is responsible for a proportionate share of the system's annual operation, maintenance and debt service costs for the term of the contract. These costs are determined annually and are payable in monthly installments. The estimated future contracted payments due under the contract as of September 30, 2018 are shown below:

N	/lonthly		Annual
\$	24,704	\$	296,448
	25,214		302,568
	25,696		308,352
	26,174		314,088
	26,623		319,476
	136,508		1,638,096
	128,192		1,538,304
	100,076		1,200,912
\$	493,187	\$	5,918,244
		25,214 25,696 26,174 26,623 136,508 128,192 100,076	\$ 24,704 \$ 25,214

Expenses incurred for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$296,924. The payments to be received from the City of Ferris, Texas are used as collateral for the bonds issued by TRA to construct the facility.

The City has entered into a contract with the Authority whereby the City acquired the right to purchase .72 million gallons per day (MGD) of water annually from the Authority through its raw water supply contract with Tarrant County Water Control and Improvement District Number One. The contract is for a period of forty years commencing December 1, 1991 and ending November 30, 2031. The Authority is a governmental agency, which is controlled by directors appointed by the governor. The City agreed to pay to the Authority \$60 each month increasing \$1.50 per month each fiscal year for the Authority's costs and expenses of administering the contract. A current schedule of estimated future contractual payments due the Authority is shown below:

Year Ending			
September 30	 A mount		
2019	\$ 3,618		
2020	3,672		
2021	3,726		
2022	3,780		
2023	3,834		
2024-2028	19,980		
2029-2031	 12,636		
	 51,246		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

E. Significant commitments (continued)

The City has entered into an agreement with the Authority whereby the Authority will provide inspection, sampling, and analytical services for the City for a period of five years commencing October 1, 2015 and expiring September 30, 2020. Total payment from the City to the Authority will not exceed \$75,000 for the period of this contract and shall not exceed \$15,000 per year.

Complete separate financial statements for the Trinity River Authority may be obtained at Trinity River Authority of Texas, 5300 South Collins, P.O. Box 60, Arlington, Texas 76004.

The City has entered into a contract with Rockett Special Utility District (the "District") whereby the District agrees to sell treated water to the City. The contract requires the City to purchase at least an average of 100,000 gallons per day on an annualized basis whether or not the City actually takes and utilizes said water amount. The contract is for a period of twenty years commencing October 15, 2012 and ending October 14, 2032.

A schedule of future minimum payments due the District at the current rate of \$5.09 per thousand gallons is shown below:

Year Ending			
September 30	 A mount		
2019	\$ 185,785		
2020	189,435		
2021	195,275		
2022	195,275		
2023	195,275		
2024-2028	976,375		
2029-2032	 781,100		
	\$ 2,718,520		

Incurred expenses for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$184,117.

The City has entered into a contract with CareFlite to provide EMS ambulance services, effective October 1, 2013 and expiring September 30, 2018. Costs are determined annually and are payable in monthly installments. The City has agreed to pay CareFlite on an annual basis at a rate of \$36,000 per year, which shall be paid in twelve equal monthly installments. Subsequent to year end this contract was renewed for additional 5 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

E. Significant commitments (continued)

The City has entered into a noncancellable operating lease for modular building to serve as police and fire department offices, effective February 26, 2016 and expiring February 26, 2018. During the current year, the lease term was extended to February 19, 2019. The lease term future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30	Α	mount
2019	\$	12,750

Expenses incurred for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$34,753.

On September 8, 2015 the City entered into a development agreement with Endeavor Wall Homes, LLC (the "Developer"). Under the agreement the Developer is to construct single-family detached homes. The City agrees to make an incentive payment to the Developer on an annual basis for each home completed for a period of 10 years. The total incentive payment per eligible home shall equal the total appraised market value x .006 x 4 years. The incentive payment per home shall not exceed the amount of property tax paid by the applicant/homeowner to the City, as a separate taxing jurisdiction. The initial payment of the incentive shall not begin until after the home has been on the City's tax roll for one full year. No incentive payments were made to or due to the Developer during the year ended September 30, 2018.

On October 2, 2017 the City created Ferris Public Improvement District No.1 (the "District") to fund certain infrastructure improvements within the District. On March 19, 2018 the City authorized the execution of a development agreement with HSM Shaw Creek Ranch II LLC (the "Developer"). Under the agreement the Developer is to design and construct public improvements in the District. Following completion of the public improvements with funding provided by the Developer, the City shall acquire the public improvements. The City shall reimburse the Developer for budgeted public improvement construction costs in the amount of \$3,091,568 with the use of bond proceeds. As of September 30, 2018 no reimbursements were due to the Developer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

F. Tax abatements

The City is authorized by Texas Tax Code Chapter 312 Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act (Tax Abatement Act) to enter into property tax abatement agreements as an economic development tool available to cities to attract new industries and to encourage the retention and development of existing businesses through property tax exemptions or reductions. Tax abatements, which can range from twenty percent to one hundred percent of property tax on the value of the property improvement with a duration of up to ten years, may be established upon property located in reinvestment zones established by the City. The threshold criteria used for the abatement include a minimum required capital investment over \$100,000. Violations of the terms of the tax abatement agreement by the tax abatement recipient may result in the full or partial loss of the abatement and give rise to a right of the City to recoup taxes abated, provide for a delinquency date and assess penalties and interest. The City Council establishes the criteria and guidelines that govern all tax abatement agreements including the percentage amount and duration of the tax abatement, a period up to ten years. The market value of the property is reduced by the exempted amount under the agreement to arrive at the taxable value used to bill the property owner.

	A	mount
Tax Abatement Program	A	bated
Tax Abatement Act	\$	5,603

The City also enters into Economic Development Agreements to promote local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the City. These agreements include provisions for repayment if the recipient fails to fully meet its commitments. The City's agreements were as follows at September 30, 2018:

On December 4, 2017, the City entered into an Economic Development Agreement with HSM Dalcon, Inc (HSM). Under the agreement, the City shall pay to HSM an amount equal to 100% of the Ad Valorem Taxes received by the City attributable to homes constructed within the property for a period of eight (8) consecutive years, commencing with Ad Valorem Taxes levied on homes built in the calendar year 2019, and ending with those imposed by the City for homes built in the calendar year 2027.

Additionally, the City shall pay to HSM an amount equal to 100% of the Ad Valorem Taxes received by the City attributable to the difference between the Base Value and the improved value of the land within the property once the infrastructure is completed for the same eight (8) year period as long as HSM has built and received a Letter of Construction Completion from the City on a minimum of 20 houses per calendar year starting January 1, 2019. If the required number of homes per year are not built, then HSM does not receive this portion of the Program Payments for that given year. No payments were due to HSM under the agreement for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

G. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

H. Long-term liabilities

Certificates of Obligation

The City issues certificates of obligation to provide fund for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Certificates of obligation have been issued for governmental and business-type activities. Certificates of obligation are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government and are further secured by and payable from a pledge of the surplus net revenues derived from the operation of the City's water and wastewater system.

Certificates of obligation currently outstanding and reported as liabilities of the City's governmental activities are:

		Maturity	Interest	Year-end
Series	Issue Amount	Date	Rate	Balances
2011	\$ 1,500,000	3/1/2026	2.00-4.25%	\$ 905,000

Certificates of obligation currently outstanding and reported as liabilities of the City's business-type activities are:

		Maturity	Interest	Year-end
Series	Issue Amount	Date	Rate	Balances
2006	\$ 850,000	3/1/2026	4.60%	\$ 440,000

Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds

In a prior year, the City issued bonds in a partial refunding of certificates of obligation to reduce total future debt service payments.

Tax and revenue refunding bonds currently outstanding and reported as liabilities on the City's governmental activities are:

		Maturity	Interest	Year-end		
Series	Issue Amount	Date	Rate	Balances		
2005	\$ 2,355,000	3/1/2019	3.71%	\$ 265,000		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

H. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Compensated Absences -

Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' paid time off benefits for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination. The retirement of this liability is paid from the General Fund and Water and Wastewater Fund based on the assignment of an employee at termination.

Net Pension Liability -

The net pension liability represents the liability for employees' for projected pension benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability (OPEB)

The total OPEB liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service in conformity with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities –

Changes in the government's long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2018 are as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance	Ac	dditions	Reductions			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:						_					
Bonds payable:											
Certificates of obligation	\$	1,000,000	\$	-	\$	(95,000)	\$	905,000	\$	100,000	
Tax and revenue refunding		520,000		-		(255,000)		265,000		265,000	
Less deferred amounts:											
For issuance											
discount/premium		25,896		-		(2,751)		23,145			
Total bonds payable		1,545,896		=		(352,751)		1,193,145		365,000	
Compensated absences		52,445		31,380		(14,493)		69,332		69,332	
Net pension liability		231,369		-		(219,936)		11,433		-	
OPEB liability		80,401		17,883				98,284			
Governmental activity											
Long-term liabilities	\$	1,910,111	\$	49,263	\$	(587,180)	\$	1,372,194	\$	434,332	

Certificates of obligation and tax and revenue refunding bonds issued for governmental activity purposes are liquidated by the General fund and Debt Service fund. Governmental compensated absences, net pension liability, and OPEB liability will be liquidated by the General fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

H. Long-term liabilities (continued)

	Beginning Balance		•		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Business-type activities:					_				
Certificates of obligation	\$	485,000	\$	-	\$ (45,000)	\$	440,000	\$	45,000
Compensated absences		526		4,919	(986)		4,459		4,459
Net pension liability		26,401		-	(26,401)		-		-
OPEB liability		11,391		2,534			13,925		-
Business-type activity				_	_				
Long-term liabilities	\$	523,318	\$	7,453	\$ (72,387)	\$	458,384	\$	49,459

Certificates of obligations issued for business-type activities are repaid from those activities. Business-type compensated absences, and OPEB liability will be liquidated by the Water and Wastewater fund.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows -

		Governmental Activities							
Year Ending		Certificates	of C	bligation		Tax and I Refundin			
September 30	F	Principal Interest			F	Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	100,000	\$	35,424	\$	265,000	\$	4,916	
2020		100,000		31,424		-		-	
2021		105,000		27,324		-		-	
2022		110,000		23,024		_		-	
2023		115,000		18,381		-		-	
2024-2026		375,000		24,333		_		-	
	\$	905,000	\$	159,910	\$	265,000	\$	4,916	

	E	Business-Type Activities			
Year Ending	Certificates of Obligation				
September 30	F	Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	45,000	\$	19,205	
2020		50,000		17,020	
2021		50,000		14,720	
2022		55,000		12,305	
2023		55,000		9,775	
2024-2026		185,000		12,995	
	\$	440,000	\$	86,020	
	_				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

I. Interfund transfers

The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Interfund transfers:

Transfer Out:	Seneral	Total
Water and wastewater	\$ 89,149	\$ 89,149
Nonmajor governmental fund	 1,636	1,636
	\$ 90,785	\$ 90,785

Transfer In:

Transfers are primarily used to move funds from the Water and Wastewater Fund to the General Fund for administrative services.

J. Related party transactions

The significant transactions between the primary government and its component units during the year ended September 30, 2018 consisted of administrative services provided by the City in the amount of \$18,248 for the Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation and \$18,248 for the Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation. In addition the Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation purchased real property from the City in the amount of \$32,320.

In addition, the City receives on-behalf payments from the Ferris 4A and 4B Economic Development Corporations to be used for the City's Economic Development Director's salary and benefits. The on-behalf payments to the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 consisted of \$39,178 from the Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation and \$39,178 from the Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenue and general government expenses/expenditures in the government-wide and general fund financial statements.

K. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

L. Subsequent events

Subsequent to year end, the City approved the following items:

- the issuance of Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 in the amount of \$4,125,000
- the purchase of 3 vehicles with a note payable in the amount of \$68,963.
- a contract for the construction of a water line in the amount \$393,000.
- an agreement with a Developer for reimbursement of costs associated with the design and construction of public improvements.

M. Discretely presented component units

1. Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation Fund

Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year end the bank balance of the Corporation's deposits was \$559,124. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining balance, \$309,124 was covered by collateral pledged in the Corporation's name. The collateral was held in the Corporation's name by the safekeeping department of the pledging bank's agent and had a fair value of approximately \$596,000.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	В	eginning				I	Ending
Governmental activities:	E	Balance	Ir	ncreases	Decreases	E	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	18,000	\$	930,199	\$ -	\$	948,199
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated		18,000		930,199	-		948,199
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Machinery and equipment		1,483					1,483
Totals capital assets being depreciated		1,483		-	_		1,483
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_			
Machinery and equipment		(124)		(296)			(420)
Total accumulated depreciation		(124)		(296)			(420)
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net		1,359		(296)			1,063
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	19,359	\$	929,903	\$ -	\$	949,262

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

M. Discretely presented component units (continued)

Note Payable

The Corporation entered into a note payable dated October 4, 2017 in the amount of \$768,625 for the purchase of real property. Payments on the note consist of quarterly payments of \$15,902 at 5.50% fixed for 20 years.

	Beg	inning					Ending	Du	e Within
Governmental activities:	Ва	lance	Ir	ncreases	De	ecreases	Balance	0	ne Year
Notes payable	\$	-	\$	768,625	\$	(16,220)	\$ 752,405	\$	22,687
	\$	-	\$	768,625	\$	(16,220)	\$ 752,405	\$	22,687

Year Ending	Notes Payable			
September 30	F	Principal		Interest
2019	\$	22,687	\$	40,920
2020		23,960		39,646
2021		25,306		38,301
2022		26,726		36,880
2023		28,230		35,379
2024-2028		166,763		151,269
2029-2033		219,138		98,894
2034-2038		239,595		30,729
	\$	752,405	\$	472,018

Subsequent Events

- Subsequent to year end the Corporation entered into land conveyance agreement with MJ Crocker Company, LLC.
- Subsequent to year end the Corporation entered into a project management contract with MJ Crocker Company, LLC in an amount not to exceed \$52,000.

2. Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation Fund

Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year end the bank balance of the Corporation's deposits was \$292,576. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining balance, \$42,576 was covered by collateral pledged in the Corporation's name. The collateral was held in the Corporation's name by the safekeeping department of the pledging bank's agent and had a fair value of approximately \$54,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

M. Discretely presented component units (continued)

Subsequent Events

 Subsequent to year end the Corporation approved expenditures in the amount of \$450,000 for a senior citizens center.

N. Prior period adjustment

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 discussed in note 1. H. resulted in a restatement of beginning net position for the governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and to the beginning net position in the fund financial statements. Prospectively applying this change results in the adjustments below.

		Governm			Fu Fina	ncial
		Financial	Stat	ements	Staten	nents
	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type	Util	ity
As previously reported, October 1, 2017	\$	7,427,438	\$	2,644,810	\$ 2,64	4,810
Deferral for OPEB contributions made after the						
measurement date		1,781		252		252
Recording of total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2017		(80,401)		(11,392)	(1	1,392)
Restated, October 1, 2017	\$	7,348,818	\$	2,633,670	\$ 2,63	3,670
Effect of restatement on operations for the						
year ended September 30, 2017	\$	-	\$		\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System

A. Plan description

The City of Ferris, Texas participates as one of 883 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

B. Benefits provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

	Plan Provisions
Employee deposit rate	5%
Municipal current matching ratio	1.5 - 1
Updated service credits:	
Rate (%)	100 T
Year effective	2000R
Increase benefits to retirees:	
Rate (%) ⁽¹⁾	70
Year effective	2000R
Vesting	5 yrs
Service retirement eligibilities	5 yrs/age 60, 20 yrs/any age
Restricted prior service credit effective date	8-01
Supplemental death benefits:	
Employees	Yes
Retirees	Yes
Statutory maximum (%)	9.5%

⁽¹⁾ For years prior to 1982, the rate is the actual percentage in annuities. For 1982 and later, the rate is the percentage of the change in the CPI-U since retirement date, granted to each annuitant as an increase of the original annuity.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	28
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	54
Active employees	39
	121

T — Includes Transfer Credits.

 $^{{\}sf R}$ — Annually Repeating. Ordinance automatically renews effective January 1 of each successive year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Ferris, Texas were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Ferris, Texas were 6.31% and 5.87% in calendar years 2016 and 2017, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$99,458, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net pension liability (asset)

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall payroll growth 3.5% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. Based on the size of the City, rates are multiplied by a factor of 100%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, the actuary focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed	20.0%	3.90%
Real Return	10.0%	3.80%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.75%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.50%
Total	100%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2016	\$ 3,554,144	\$ 3,326,667	\$ 227,477	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	164,523	-	164,523	
Interest	236,803	-	236,803	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(28,575)	-	(28,575)	
Contributions - employer	-	101,177	(101,177)	
Contributions - employee	-	79,633	(79,633)	
Net investment income	-	461,079	(461,079)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(256,416)	(256,416)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(2,386)	2,386	
Other changes		(121)	121	
Net Changes	\$ 116,335	\$ 382,966	\$ (266,631)	
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$ 3,670,479	\$ 3,709,633	\$ (39,154)	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate -

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

	1.0% Decrease in	1.0% Increase in		
	Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	
City's net pension liability	\$ 491,031	\$ (39,154)	\$ (466,000)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com. The effect of TMRS on the City's net position has been determined on the same basis used by TMRS.

Payables to the Pension Plan - Legally required contributions outstanding at the end of the year totaled \$7,695.

E. Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$34,323.

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities					
	Deferred		Deferred		l Deferred		D	eferred			
	Outflow of		Inflow of		f Outflow		In	flow of			
	Re	sources	Resources		Resources Resou		es Resour				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement	\$	65,204	\$	-	\$	9,242	\$	-			
Changes in actuarial assumptions		3,970		-		482		-			
Difference between projected and actual											
investment earnings		-		81,548		-		13,300			
Differences between expected and actual											
economic experience		-		67,852		-		8,902			
Total	\$	69,174	\$	149,400	\$	9,724	\$	22,202			
		,		,		,					

\$74,446 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset for the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Year Ended	<u>Dec</u>	ember 31
2018	\$	(45,547)
2019		(26,942)
2020		(47,355)
2021		(47,306)
Total	\$ ((167,150)

2. Texas Emergency Services Retirement System

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City of Ferris, Texas is a nonemployer contributing entity in the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) for its volunteer firefighters. TESRS administers a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system (the 'System') established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. TESRS is an agency of the State of Texas and its financial records comply with state statutes and regulations. The nine members Board of Trustees, appointed by the Governor, establishes policy for the administration of the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System.

The TESRS was created as a standalone agency by the 83rd Legislature via the passage of SB 220, effective September 1, 2013, to assume the related functions of the abolished Office of the Fire Fighters' Pension Commissioner. While the agency is new, the System has been in existence since 1977. TESRS, which is under the authority of Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapters 861-865 of the Texas Government Code, provides death and disability benefits to active volunteer fire fighters and first responders, and a pension to members with vested service, as well as to their survivor/beneficiaries. For financial reporting purposes, the State of Texas is considered the primary reporting government. TESRS' financial statements are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. TESRS issues a publicly available Annual Financial Report, which includes financial statements, notes, and required supplementary information, which can be obtained at www.tesrs.org. The separately issued actuarial valuations which may be of interest are also available at the same link.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

2. Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (continued)

B. Contributions

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions are set by board rule, and there is no maximum contribution rate. No contributions are required from the individuals who are members of the System, nor are they allowed. The City is required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services for a department. The State of Texas is required to contribute an amount necessary to make the System "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total of all contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, total contributions to the plan were \$5,170.

C. Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$11,433 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions to the pension plan for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017 relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At August 31, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.048.

D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of (\$15,164).

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	eferred of Resources
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	\$	5,170
Changes in actuarial assumptions		520
Difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings		5,623
Differences between expected and actual		
economic experience		36
Total	\$	11,349

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

2. Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (continued)

\$5,170 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset for the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31								
2018	\$	1,849						
2019		2,557						
2020		1,535						
2021		238						
Total	\$	6,179						

NOTE 4 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) OBLIGATIONS

A. Plan description

Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SDBF"). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets, and therefore doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75 (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB) and as such the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan. For purposes of reporting under GASB 75, the retiree portion of the SDBF is not considered a cost sharing plan and is instead considered a single-employer, defined benefit OPEB plan. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

B. Benefits provided

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) OBLIGATIONS (continued)

C. Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active employees	39
	63

D. Total OPEB liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$112,209 was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 10.50%, including inflation

Discount rate* 3.31%

Retirees' share of benefit-related

costs \$0

and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB

Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates - service retirees RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment

with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale

BB.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) OBLIGATIONS (continued)

D. Total OPEB liability (continued)

Mortality rates - disabled retirees RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at 12/31/2016	\$	91,793		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		9,875		
Interest		3,638		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		7,859		
Benefit payments**		(956)		
Net Changes	\$	20,416		
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	112,209		

^{**} Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate -

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.31%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.31%) than the current rate:

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	D	iscount	1%	Increase
	((2.31%)	Rat	e (3.31%)	((4.31%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	132,037	\$	112,209	\$	96,504

^{*} The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) OBLIGATIONS (continued)

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$16,846. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities
	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred Outflows of
		Resources		Resources
Changes of assumptions City contributions subsequent to	\$	5,499	\$	779
the measurement date		2,111		299
Total	\$	7,610	\$	1,078

\$2,410 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31									
2018	\$	1,581							
2019		1,581							
2020		1,581							
2021		1,535							
Total	\$	6,278							

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

These supplementary schedules are included to supplement the basic financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

REVENUES Final Basis Basis Basis Final Property taxes \$ 568,208 \$ 568,628 \$ 588,644 \$ (144) \$ 588,500 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	20,292 42,492 7,968 380 1,464 (57,154) 104,774
Property taxes \$ 568,208 \$ 568,208 \$ 588,644 \$ (144) \$ 588,500 \$ 588,500 Sales taxes 230,000 230,000 282,070 (9,578) 272,492	42,492 7,968 380 1,464 (57,154)
Sales taxes 230,000 230,000 282,070 (9,578) 272,492	42,492 7,968 380 1,464 (57,154)
	7,968 380 1,464 (57,154)
Figuritise taxes 120,000 127,920 40 127,900	380 1,464 (57,154)
	1,464 (57,154)
	(57,154)
Licenses and permits 68,200 68,200 69,664 - 69,664	
Fines and forfeitures 428,800 428,800 371,646 - 371,646 Host fee 1,400,000 1,400,000 1,492,125 12,649 1,504,774	104,774
,, -	
Gas royalty 38,358 (38,358) - Revenues from use of money and property 4,800 4,800 7,089 (467) 6,622	1,822
Other 4,300 44,300 50,304 - 50,304	6,004
	5,856
	77,366 211,264
10tal revenues <u>2,900,100 3,123,200 3,570,440 (33,976)</u> 3,534,470	211,204
EXPENDITURES Current:	
General government:	
City council 125,264 267,098 249,207 (2,477) 246,730	(20,368)
City manager 289,132 289,132 266,310 424 266,734	(22,398)
Municipal finance 181,770 181,770 183,612 506 184,118	2,348
Senior services 23,273 23,273 21,840 38 21,878	(1,395)
Information technology 237,835 237,835 236,344 164 236,508	(1,327)
Economic development 96,368 96,368 106,914 1,563 108,477	12,109
Total general government 953,642 1,095,476 1,064,227 218 1,064,445	(31,031)
Public safety:	(- / /
Code compliance 78,639 78,639 82,770 63 82,833	4,194
Fire 443,644 446,593 424,337 (921) 423,416	(23,177)
EMS 42,940 42,940 43,668 - 43,668	728
Police 1,001,176 1,166,321 1,179,003 1,358 1,180,361	14,040
Municipal court 134,740 134,740 130,392 1,106 131,498	(3,242)
Animal control 62,632 62,632 41,765 1,053 42,818	(19,814)
Total public safety 1,763,771 1,931,865 1,901,935 2,659 1,904,594	(27,271)
Cultural and recreational:	
Parks 69,350 69,350 58,366 - 58,366	(10,984)
Library 246,690 246,690 183,950 248 184,198	(62,492)
Total cultural and recreational 316,040 316,040 242,316 248 242,564	(73,476)
Public works	
Streets and drainage <u>455,214 468,939 457,922 750 458,672</u>	(10,267)
Total public works 455,214 468,939 457,922 750 458,672	(10,267)
Debt service:	
Principal and interest charges 95,000 (95,000) -	-
Interest and fiscal charges 39,206 (39,206)	-
Total debt service 134,206 (134,206) -	-
Total expenditures 3,488,667 3,812,320 3,800,606 (130,331) 3,670,275 (142,045)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
	353,309
(4.145.) 5.45.14.15.5 (500,100)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in 90,785 90,785 - 90,785	-
Insurance proceeds 3,465 - 3,465	3,465
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets 122,000 122,000 88,219 - 88,219	(33,781)
Total other financing sources and uses 212,785 212,785 182,469 - 182,469	(30,316)
	322,993

NOTES TO BUDGETARY INFORMATION

1. Budgetary basis of accounting

An annual budget for the general fund is adopted on the budgetary basis of accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2014 2015 2016				2016	2017		
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	157,389	\$	180,871	\$	170,877	\$	164,523
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		224,607		232,113		230,569		236,803
Difference between expected and actual experience		(70,569)		(124,273)		(86,304)		(28,575)
Changes of assumptions		-		27,891		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(191,312)		(240,556)		(182,787)		(256,416)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		120,115		76,046		132,355		116,335
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		3,225,628		3,345,743		3,421,789		3,554,144
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	3,345,743	\$	3,421,789	\$	3,554,144	\$	3,670,479
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_		_		_		_	
Contributions - Employer	\$	83,861	\$	101,254	\$	107,196	\$	101,177
Contributions - Employee		81,736		84,519		81,061		79,633
Net Investment Income		172,835		4,672		210,393		461,079
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(191,312)		(240,556)		(182,787)		(256,416)
Administrative Expense		(1,804)		(2,846)		(2,376)		(2,386)
Other		(148)		(141)		(128)		(121)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		145,168		(53,098)		213,359		382,966
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		3,021,238		3,166,406		3,113,308		3,326,667
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	3,166,406	\$	3,113,308	\$	3,326,667	\$	3,709,633
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	179,337	\$	308,481	\$	227,477	\$	(39,154)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of Total Pension Liability		94.64%		90.98%		93.60%		101.07%
Covered Payroll		1,634,722		1,690,384		1,621,223		1,592,670
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		10.97%		18.25%		14.03%		(2.46%)

Notes to Schedule:

N/A

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2015		2016 2017			2018	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	98,220	\$ 110,315	\$	99,017	\$	99,458
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		98,220	110,315		99,017		99,458
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	-		-		-
Covered payroll	1,	705,659	1,708,629	1	,551,748	1	,664,637
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		5.76%	6.46%		6.38%		5.97%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and

become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization

Period 28 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period 2010 - 2014.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with

male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%

and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS NONEMPLOYER CONTRIBUTING ENTITY TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

 Z014
 2015
 2016
 2017

 City's proportion of the net pension liability
 0.062%
 0.104%
 0.104%
 0.048%

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 11,266 \$ 27,761 \$ 30,293 \$ 11,433

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 83.46% 65.99% 66.16% 81.41%

Notes to Schedule:

N/A

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - AS NONEMPLOYER CONTRIBUTING ENTITY TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2015	2016		2017		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 3,420	\$	9,237	\$	3,093	\$ 5,170
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 3,420		9,237		3,093	5,170
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-		-		-	-

Notes to Schedule:

N/A

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Calendar Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2017
Total OPEB liability	
Service Cost	\$ 9,875
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	3,638
Changes of assumptions	7,859
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (956)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 20,416
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	91,793
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 112,209
Covered Payroll	1,592,670
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage	
of Covered Payroll	7.05%

Notes to Schedule:

Note1 - No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Note2 - The actuarial assumption and other inputs used to calculate the total OPEB liability are described in note 4.D to the financial statements.

Note3 - Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to be used for specified purposes.

Court Technology Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues that are to be used for technological enhancements to the municipal court.

Court Security Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues to provide security services for buildings housing a municipal court.

DEBT SERVICE FUND - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue			Nonmajor Debt Service		Total onmajor ernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,977	\$	58,462	\$	99,439
Total assets	\$	40,977	\$	58,462	\$	99,439
LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$	
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Debt service		-		58,462		58,462
Public safety		40,977				40,977
Total fund balance		40,977		58,462		99,439
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	40,977	\$	58,462	\$	99,439

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	S	nmajor pecial evenue	onmajor Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ 281,006	\$	281,006	
Fines and forfeitures		15,860	-		15,860	
Revenues from use of money		36	 140		176	
Total revenues		15,896	 281,146		297,042	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety Debt service:		9,709	-		9,709	
Principal retirement		_	255,000		255,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		-	14,562		14,562	
Total expenditures		9,709	269,562		279,271	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
revenues over (under) expenditures		6,187	 11,584		17,771	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(1,636)	 		(1,636)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,636)	 	-	(1,636)	
Net change in fund balances		4,551	11,584		16,135	
Fund balances - beginning		36,426	46,878		83,304	
Fund balances - ending	\$	40,977	\$ 58,462	\$	99,439	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Court Technology		Court Security		Totals		
ASSETS	•	45 470		05.507	Φ.	40.077	
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	<u>\$</u> \$	15,470 15,470	<u>\$</u> \$	25,507 25,507	<u>\$</u> \$	40,977	
		,		,			
LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$		
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted:							
Public safety		15,470		25,507		40,977	
Total fund balance		15,470		25,507		40,977	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,470	\$	25,507	\$	40,977	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Court		Court			
	Technology		Security		Totals	
REVENUES						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	9,065	\$	6,795	\$	15,860
Revenues from use of money		25		11		36
Total revenues		9,090		6,806		15,896
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety		9,709		_		9,709
Total expenditures		9,709				9,709
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		(619)		6,806		6,187
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		-		(1,636)		(1,636)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(1,636)		(1,636)
Net change in fund balances		(619)		5,170		4,551
Fund balances - beginning		16,089		20,337		36,426
Fund balances - ending	\$	15,470	\$	25,507	\$	40,977

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Final				
	Budgeted		Actual		Variance with	
	Amounts		Amounts		Fina	al Budget
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	269,562	\$	281,006	\$	11,444
Revenues from use of money		-		140		140
Total revenues		269,562		281,146		11,584
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal on bonds		255,000		255,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		14,562		14,562		-
Total expenditures		269,562		269,562		-
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	11,584	\$	11,584

PROPRIETARY FUND

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - Enterprise funds account for services provided primarily to customers outside the financial reporting entity.

Water and Wastewater Fund - The City's water and wastewater utility operations are accounted for in this fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER AND WASTEWATER For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	Final Budget
OPERATING REVENUES						
Water sales	\$ 665,295	\$ 665,295	\$ 690,379	\$ 9,569	\$ 699,948	\$ 34,653
Wastewater service	498,545	498,545	584,840	9,010	593,850	95,305
Miscellaneous	142,866	142,866	132,152		132,152	(10,714)
Total operating revenues	\$1,306,724	\$1,306,724	\$1,407,371	\$ 18,579	\$1,425,950	\$ 119,226
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Water and wastewater operations	\$ 1,411,482	\$1,486,125	\$1,102,955	\$ 123,719	\$ 1,226,674	\$ (259,451)
Depreciation and amortization			182,849	(182,849)		
Total operating expenses	\$1,411,482	\$1,486,125	\$1,285,804	\$ (59,130)	\$1,226,674	\$ (259,451)

COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Ferris 4A Economic Development Corporation Fund - This fund is used to account for the Ferris Economic Development Corporation created under Section 4A of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, as amended, Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas civil statutes, as amended.

Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation Fund - This fund is used to account for the Ferris Economic Development Corporation created under Section 4B of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, as amended, Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas civil statutes, as amended.

BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND COMPONENT UNITS September 30, 2018

	E Deve	erris 4A conomic elopment erporation	Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	491,616	\$	288,675	
Due from primary government		28,535		28,535	
Restricted cash - debt service		63,606			
Total assets	\$	583,757	\$	317,210	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	8,992 8,992	\$	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted:					
Debt service		63,606		-	
Economic development		511,159		317,210	
Total fund balances		574,765		317,210	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	583,757	\$	317,210	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND COMPONENT UNITS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Ed Deve	erris 4A conomic elopment rporation	Ferris 4B Economic Development Corporation		
REVENUES					
Sales taxes	\$	141,035	\$	141,035	
Revenues from use of money		1,290		474	
Other		400		400	
Total revenues		142,725		141,909	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic development		1,000,687	\$	99,884	
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement		16,220		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		31,485			
Total expenditures	-	1,048,392		99,884	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(905,667)		42,025	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Note proceeds		768,625		-	
Sale of capital assets		_		32,320	
Total other financing sources (uses)		768,625		32,320	
Net change in fund balances		(137,042)		74,345	
Fund balances - beginning		711,807		242,865	
Fund balances - ending	\$	574,765	\$	317,210	

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

SCHEDULE OF CASH BALANCES - ALL FUNDS September 30, 2018

GENERAL FUND			
Cash on hand		\$ 700	
Cash in bank	- Operating	768,145	
	- Court Restricted	7,996	
	- Court State Fees	46,902	
	- Police Awarded Funds	7,724	
	- National Night Out	3,991	
	- WMI Meth Electric Funds	196,261	
	- Deep Reserve General	 132,760	\$ 1,164,479
SPECIAL REVEN	NUE FUNDS		
Cash in bank	- Court Technology	15,470	
	- Court Security	 25,507	 40,977
DEBT SERVICE	FUND		
Cash in bank	- Interest and Sinking Funds		 58,462
ENTERPRISE FU	JND - WATER AND WASTEWATER		
Cash on hand		200	
Cash in bank	- Operating	491,716	
	- Deep Reserve - Water and Wastewater	 130,853	622,769
			\$ 1,886,687

COMBINED SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT - ALL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original Amount	Balance Outstanding 10/1/2017	Bonds	Retired	Balance Outstanding 9/30/2018	Interest Rate
COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION						
Series 2006	\$ 850,000	\$ 485,000	ı ⇔	\$ 45,000	\$ 440,000	4.60%
Series 2011	1,500,000	1,000,000	1	92,000	905,000	2-00%-4.25%
Total Certificates of Obligation		\$ 1,485,000	ı ج	\$ 140,000	\$ 1,345,000	
TAX AND REVENUE REFUNDING						
BONDS						
Series 2005	\$ 2,355,000	\$ 520,000	ı \$	\$ 255,000	\$ 265,000	3.71%
	sonds	\$ 520,000	- ج	\$ 255,000	\$ 265,000	
TOTAL COMBINED BONDED DEBT		\$ 2,005,000	↔	\$ 395,000	\$ 1,610,000	

DEBT REQUIREMENTS
October 1, 2018 to Maturity

Issue: Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation

Date: March 1, 2006

Original Amount: \$850,000 Denomination: \$5,000 Interest: 4.60%

Payable from: Ad Valorem Taxes and Water and Wastewater Revenues

Fiscal Year Ending 9/30	Principal Due 3/1	Interest Due 3/1		Interest Due 9/1		Totals	
2019	\$ 45,000	\$	10,120	\$	9,085	\$	64,205
2020	50,000		9,085		7,935		67,020
2021	50,000		7,935		6,785		64,720
2022	55,000		6,785		5,520		67,305
2023	55,000		5,520		4,255		64,775
2024	60,000		4,255		2,875		67,130
2025	60,000		2,875		1,495		64,370
2026	 65,000		1,495		<u>-</u>		66,495
	\$ 440,000	\$	48,070	\$	37,950	\$	526,020

Average Annual Requirements \$ 65,753

DEBT REQUIREMENTS October 1, 2018 to Maturity

Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds Issue:

Date: September 1, 2005

Original Amount: \$2,355,000 \$5,000 Denomination: Interest: 3.71%

Payable from: Ad Valorem Taxes and Water and Wastewater Revenues

Fiscal Year Ending 9/30		Principal Due 3/1	nterest Due 3/1	erest e 9/1	 Totals
2019	\$	265,000	\$ 4,916	\$ 	\$ 269,916
	\$	265,000	\$ 4,916	\$ _	\$ 269,916
Average Applial Regu	iremen	te	\$ 269 916		

Average Annual Requirements \$ 269,916

DEBT REQUIREMENTS
October 1, 2018 to Maturity

Issue: Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Certificates of Obligation

Date: March 15, 2011

Original Amount: \$1,500,000 Denomination: \$5,000

Interest: 2-00% - 4.25%

Payable from: Ad Valorem Taxes and Water and Wastewater Revenues

Fiscal Year Ending 9/30	Principal Due 3/1		Interest Due 3/1		Interest Due 9/1		Totals
2019	\$ 100,000	\$	18,712	\$	16,712	\$	135,424
2020	100,000		16,712		14,712		131,424
2021	105,000		14,712		12,612		132,324
2022	110,000		12,612		10,412		133,024
2023	115,000		10,412		7,969		133,381
2024	120,000		7,969		5,419		133,388
2025	125,000		5,419		2,763		133,182
2026	 130,000		2,763				132,763
	\$ 905,000	\$	89,311	\$	70,599	\$	1,064,910

Average Annual Requirements \$ 133,114